

Landlords Pulse Survey – topline report

Wave 2, 2021





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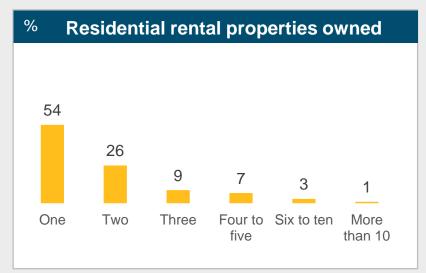


Research objectives and method

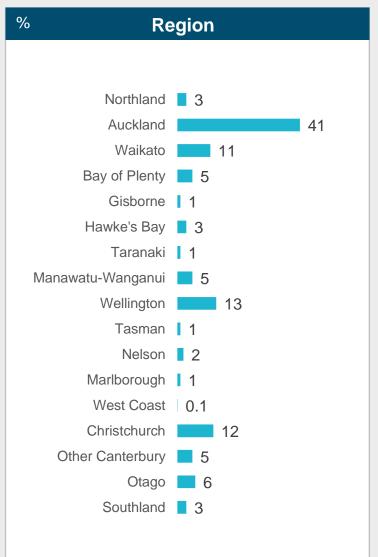
The Ministry of Housing and Urban Development has commissioned Colmar Brunton to undertake 'pulse' surveys of renters and landlords twice a year to help inform its understanding of the impacts of recent legislative changes on the residential rental market. This report provides the results of the second pulse survey in 2021 with landlords (with comparisons made with the first wave where appropriate).

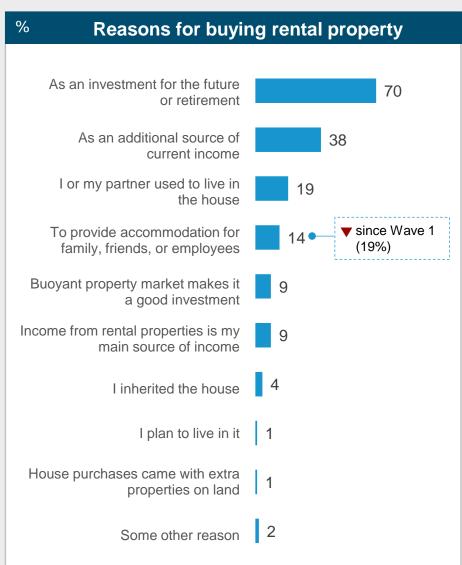
- A nationwide online survey of 700 landlords. The population of interest
 was defined as landlords who are currently receiving rental payments for
 residential property or properties they own.
- Maximum margin of error on the total sample (at the 95% confidence level) is +/-3.7%.
- Statistically significant changes since Wave 1 (at the 95% confidence level) are denoted on the charts by triangles.
- Fieldwork for the second wave was conducted from 12 to 21 October,
 2021.

Sample profile of landlords (Wave 2 only)











Landlord property management



Management of rental properties

Six in ten (59%) landlords manage their rental(s) themselves, down five percentage points from Wave 1 (this decrease is significant at the 90% confidence level). Just over four in ten (43%) say they use a property management or real estate company, largely consistent with last wave.

Management of rental property

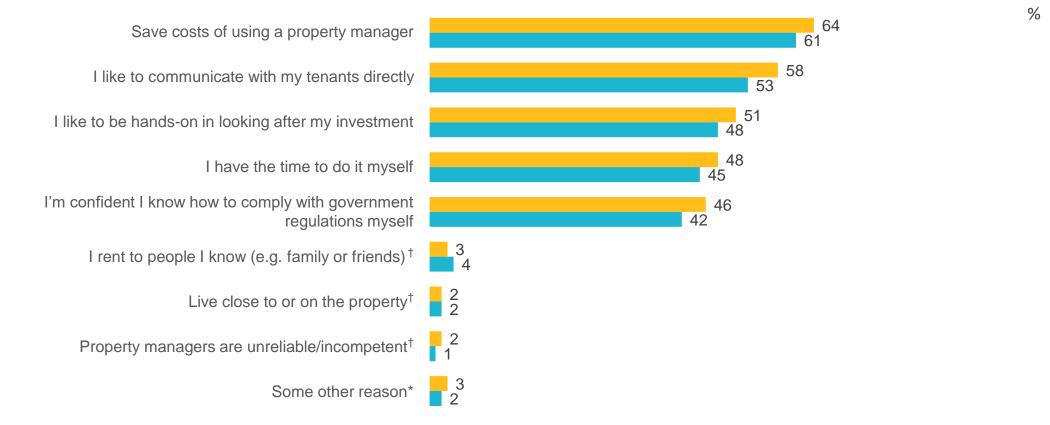
Wave 1 Wave 2 9



Reasons for self-managing property

Saving money, and being hands-on with the care of their investment and their tenants, remain top of mind for landlords who prefer to self-manage their rental(s).

Reasons landlords manage their property or properties themselves



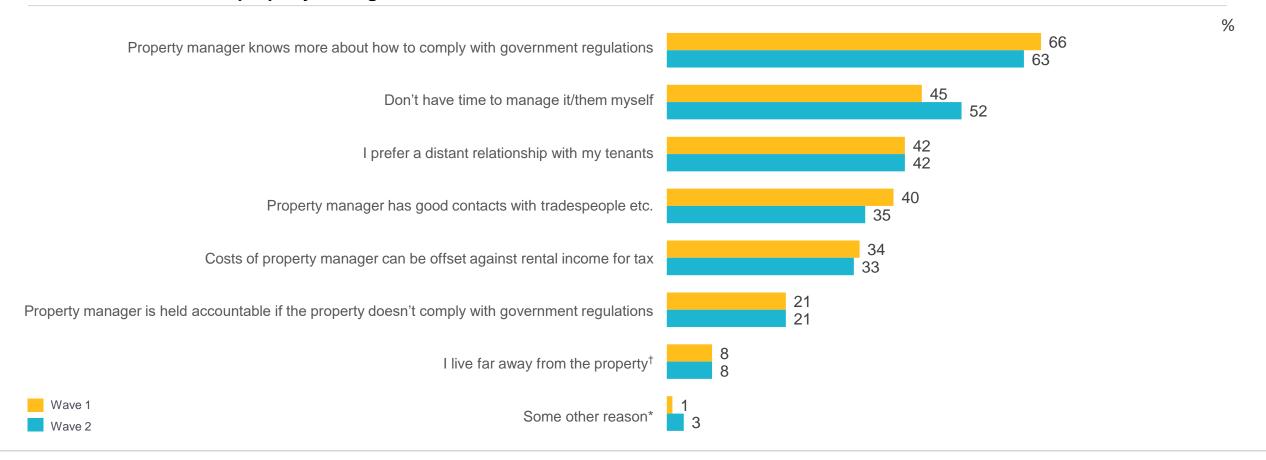
†Unprompted response (coded post fieldwork).

Wave 1

Reasons for using property manager

In line with Wave 1, landlords most commonly cite property managers' expert knowledge as their main motivation for using them. Time pressures, and preferring a more distant relationship with tenants, also remain key drivers.

Reasons landlords use property managers





Rental payments



Average rent

Wave 1 Wave 2

Six in ten (60%) landlords say they charge \$500 or less per week for their rental property. This is broadly in line with the Wave 1 result (63%).

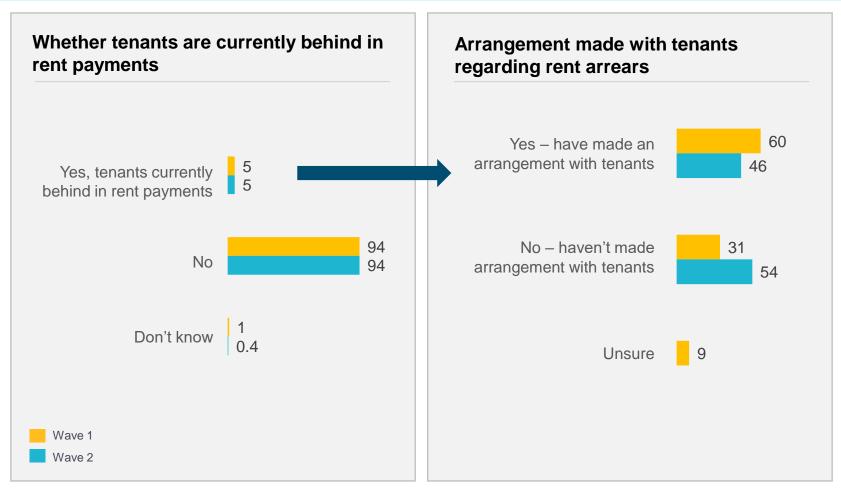
Average weekly rent charged

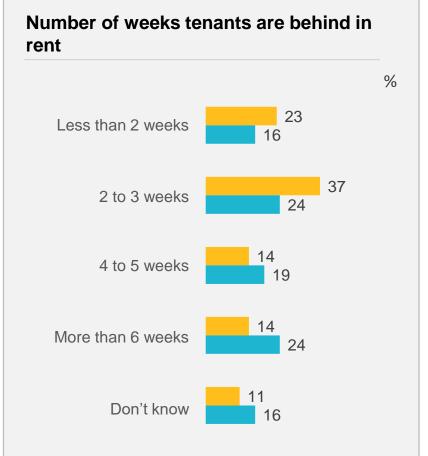
%



Tenants' payments in arrears

Of the small group (5%) of landlords who say their tenants are currently behind in their rental payments, just under half (46%) say they have an agreement with their tenants to this effect. 43% of landlords with rent arrears say their tenants are four weeks or more behind in rent payments, up from 29% in Wave 1 (though the small base sizes mean this increase is not statistically significant).



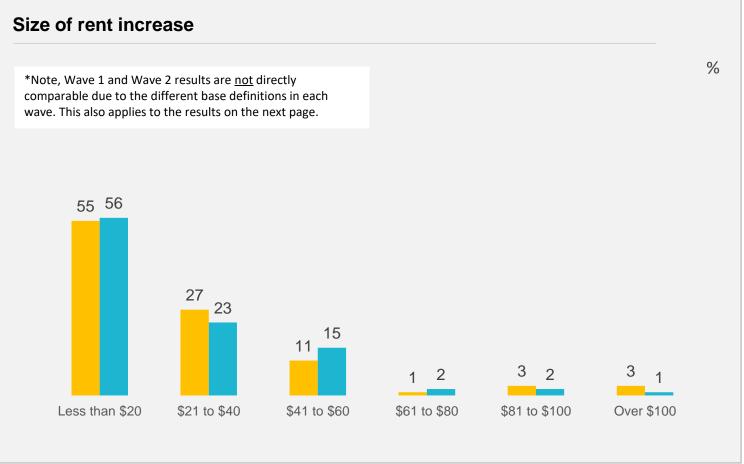


▲ / ▼ Indicates a significant increase/decrease since Wave 1

Timing and size of rent increases

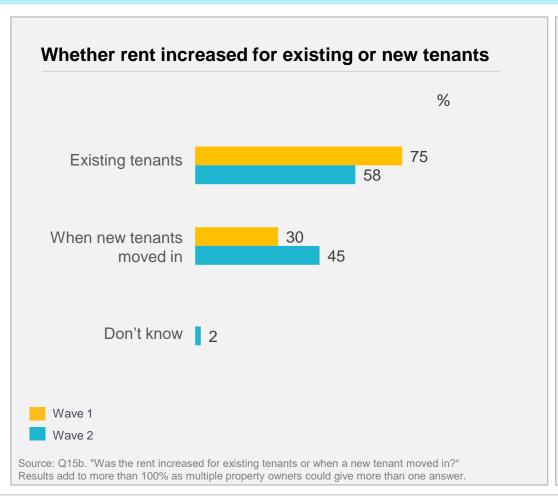
One in five (19%) landlords increased the rent in the last six months. In Wave 2, most (80%) landlords who increased the rent since owning the property did so by \$40 per week or less.

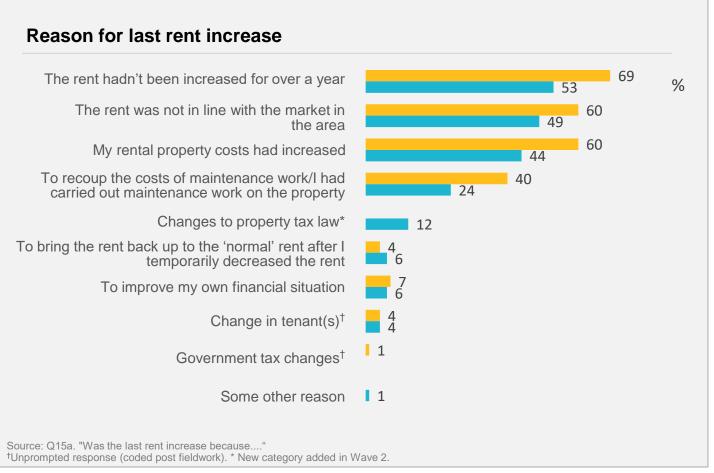




Reasons for rent increases

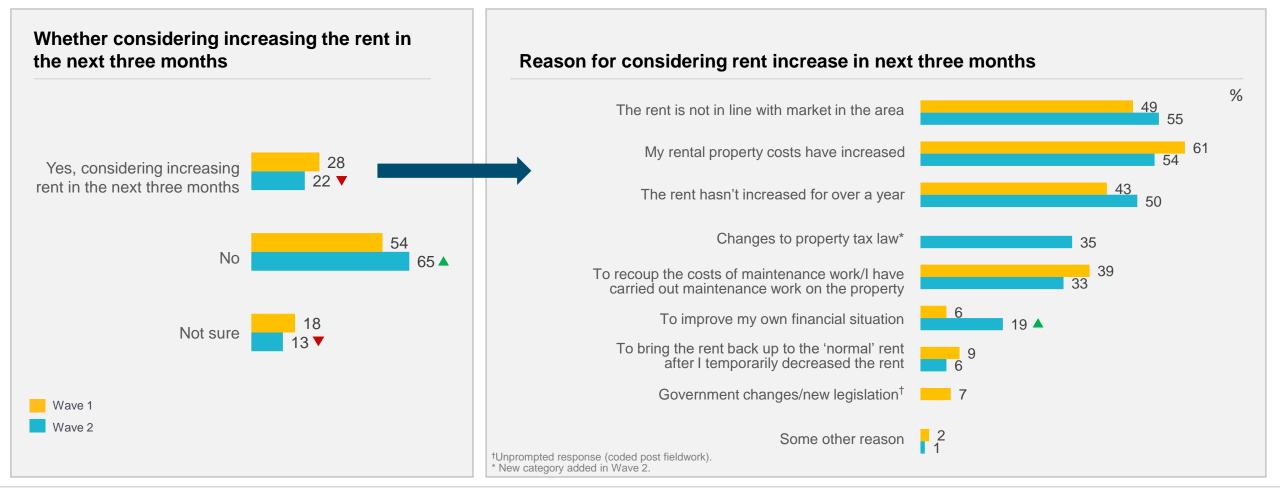
In Wave 2, six in ten (58%) landlords increased the rent for existing tenants, while 45% increased the rent for a new tenancy. As seen in Wave 1, landlords' key reasons for doing so include it being over a year since the last increase, wanting to match market rent rates, and wanting to cover increased rental costs including maintenance work.





Landlord intentions for future rent increases

Around one in five (22%) landlords who haven't recently increased the rent are considering an increase in the next three months, down 6 percentage points since Wave 1. In line with the first wave, these landlords are motivated by increased market rents, higher property costs, and feeling like it is 'time' for an increase. 35% cited changes to property tax law, a new category added this wave.

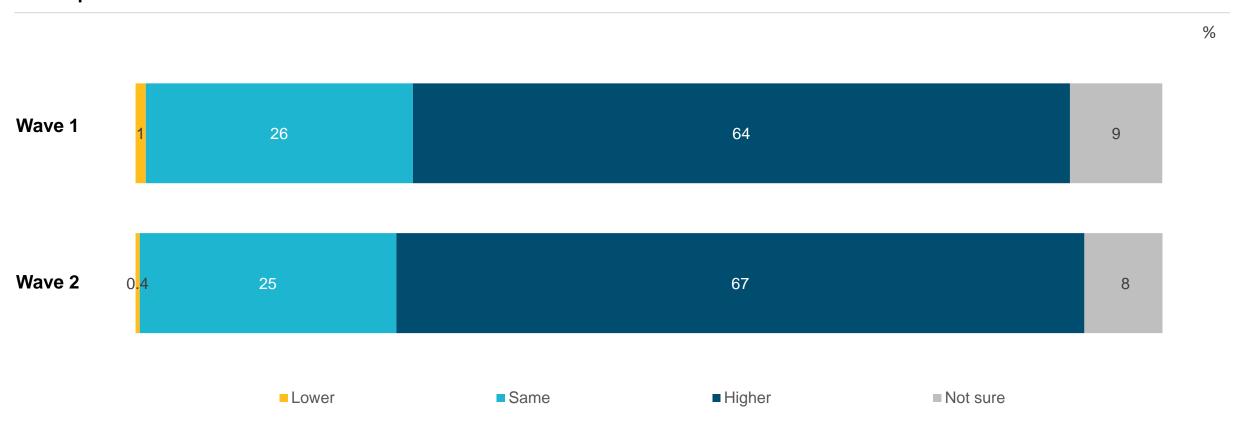


Base: Landlords who have **not** increased rent within the last six months (Wave 1 n=542, Wave 2 n=568).

Landlords' rent intentions for new tenants

Two thirds (67%) of landlords say they would increase the current rent for new tenants. This is broadly in line with the Wave 1 finding (64%).

Rental price for new tenants





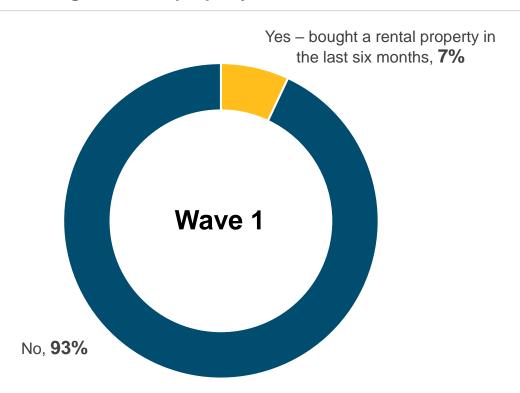
Recent market movements – buying, selling, and ending a tenancy

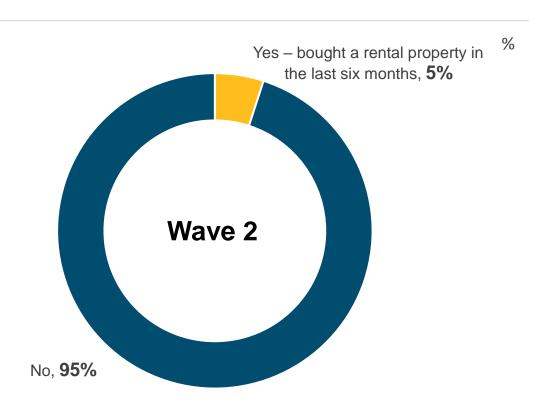


Buying rental property

A small proportion (5%) of landlords have bought a rental property in the last six months. This is consistent with Wave 1 (7%).

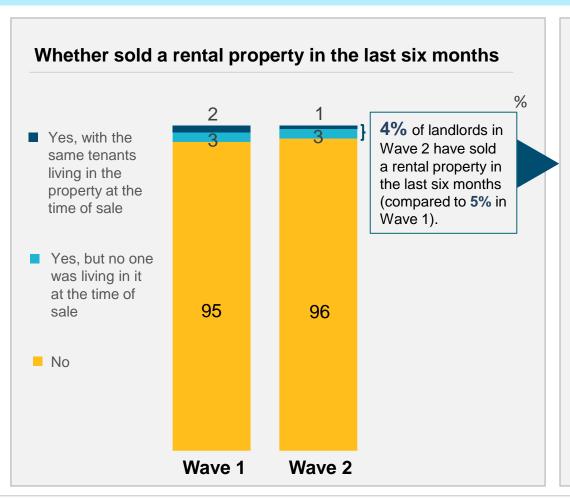
Whether bought a rental property in the last six months

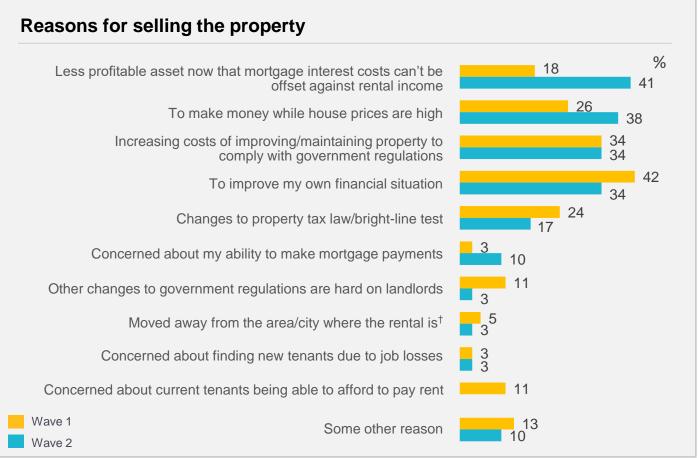




Selling rental property

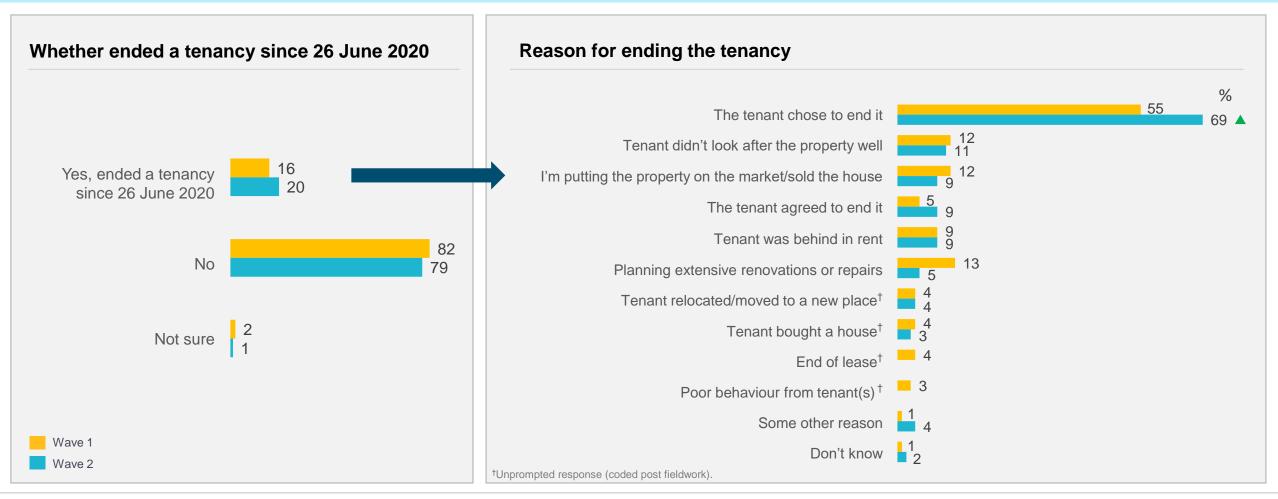
One in twenty (4%) landlords have sold a rental property in the last six months. Most of these 4% of landlords cite financial reasons for doing so, including feeling that housing is less profitable now, wanting to making the most of high house prices and increased financial burden of compliance and maintenance costs.





End of tenancy

Two in ten (20%) landlords have ended a tenancy since 26 June 2020; the increase of four points since Wave 1 is statistically significant at the 90% confidence level. Seven in ten (69%) landlords say the tenant chose to end it, a significant increase since Wave 1 (55%). Irresponsible tenants, wanting to sell the house and rent arrears are among the less common reasons.



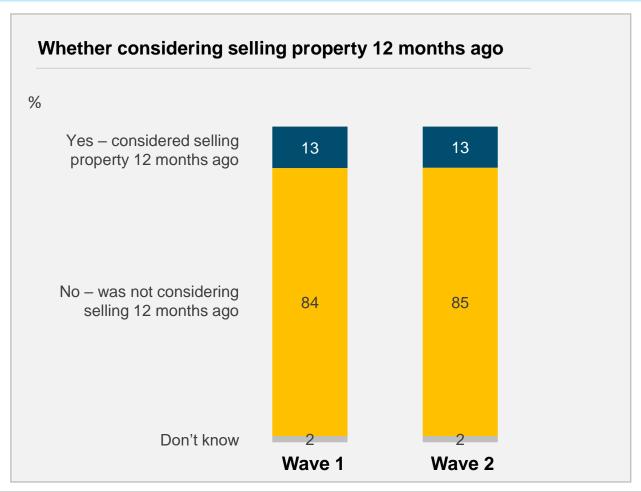


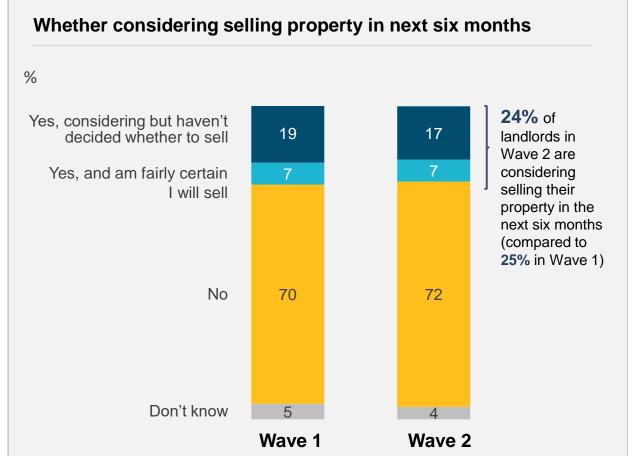
Landlords' plans for selling rental properties



Landlord intentions for rental property

Consistent with Wave 1 findings, more landlords (24%) are now considering selling a property in the next six months than were thinking about selling 12 months ago (13%).





Enhanced motivations to sell

Just under half of the 24% of landlords who are thinking about selling a property in the next six months feel property is a less profitable investment given the changes in rules around mortgage interest rates. Increased compliance costs are also top of mind for landlords.

Reasons why landlords are considering selling in the next six months

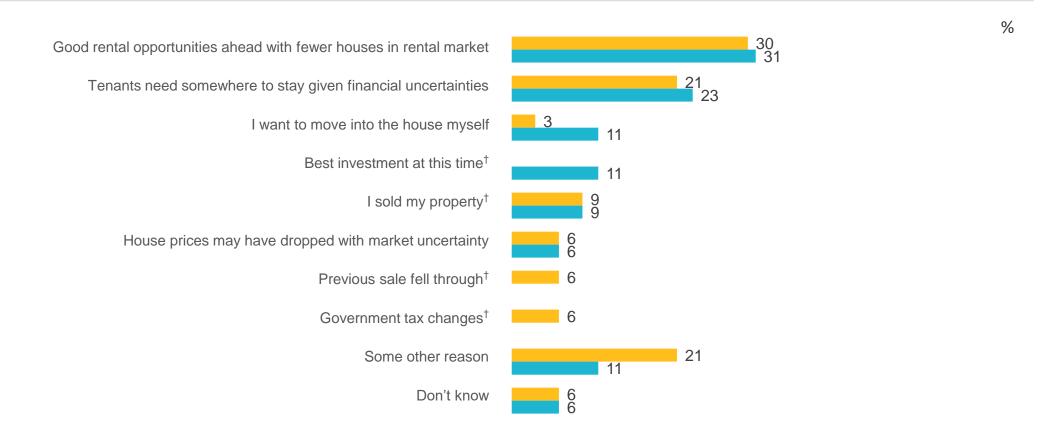


Weakened motivations to sell

As in Wave 1, 5% of landlords were considering selling property 12 months ago but now no longer are.

The most common reasons for landlords' reconsideration remain optimism about the future of the rental market, and a desire to provide housing for tenants during uncertain times.

Reasons why landlords are no longer considering selling



Wave 1 Wave 2



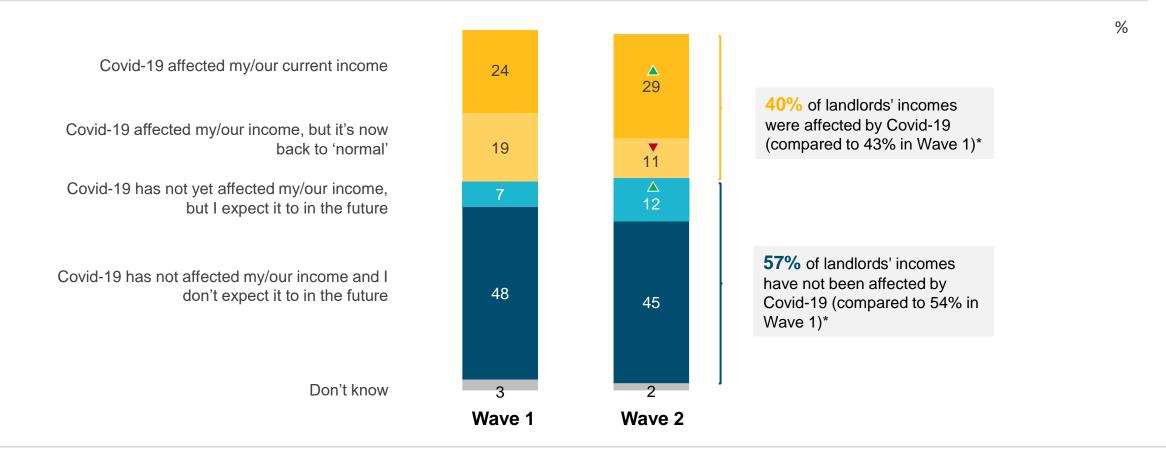
Landlords' financial situation



Landlords' financial situations

Three in ten (29%) landlords say their current income is impacted by COVID-19, a significant increase from Wave 1 (24%).

Impact of COVID-19 on landlords' incomes



Concern about mortgage payments

Broadly in line with Wave 1, 14% of landlords say they are concerned about their mortgage payments in the coming months. The proportion of landlords who do not have a home loan has decreased significantly (21%, compared to 26% in Wave 1).

Concern about ability to pay mortgage payments over the next few months





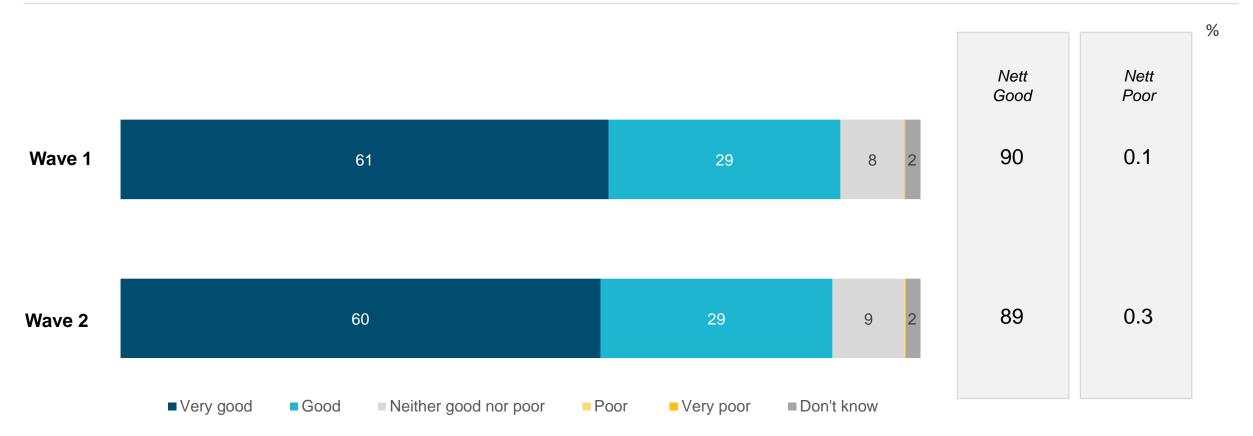
Landlords' relationships with tenants



Relationship with tenants

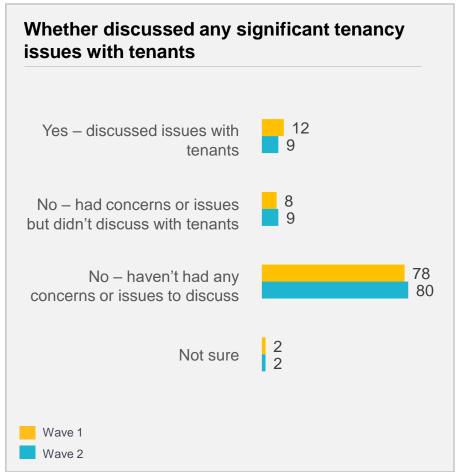
Most (89%) landlords feel they have a positive relationship with their tenants, consistent with Wave 1.

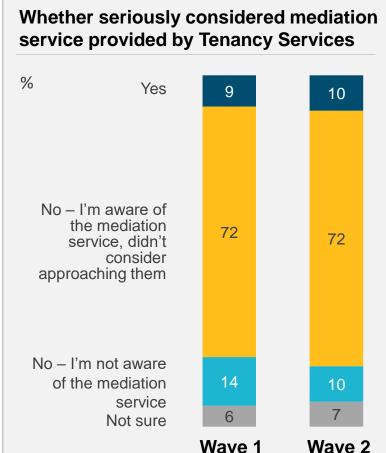
Relationship with tenants

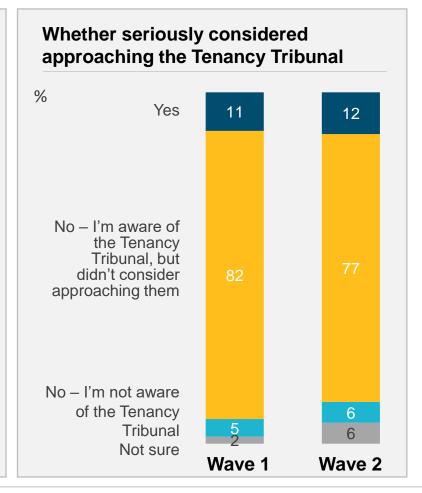


Tenancy issues

18% of landlords had concerns or issues with their tenants. Though most of these landlords are aware of the Tenancy Service's mediation service, only 10% considered it. Likewise, few (11%) seriously considered approaching the Tenancy Tribunal to help resolve the issue or dispute. These results remain largely unchanged since Wave 1.







provides, to assist with resolving the issues with your tenants?"



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